

# Statistics for large cosmological surveys

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ESS20, 27.09.2012

# Sloan Legacy Survey (SDSS DR7)

8400 square degrees (1/5 of sky)

230 million objects

spectra of 930000 galaxies, 120000 QSO,

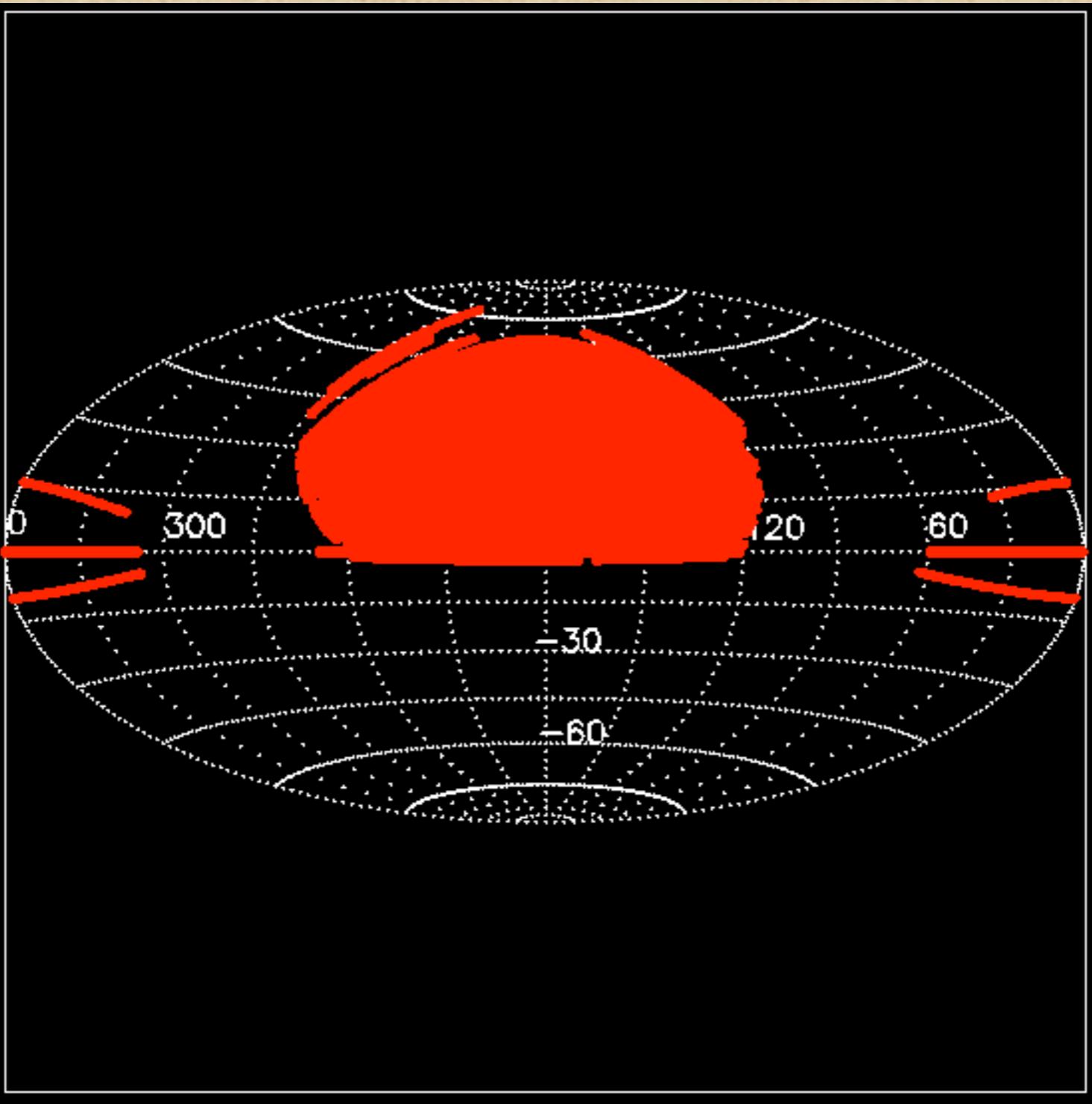
225000 stars

Apache Observatory 2.5 m telescope

8 years, team of about 200

120 Mpix camera, 600 fibers per plate

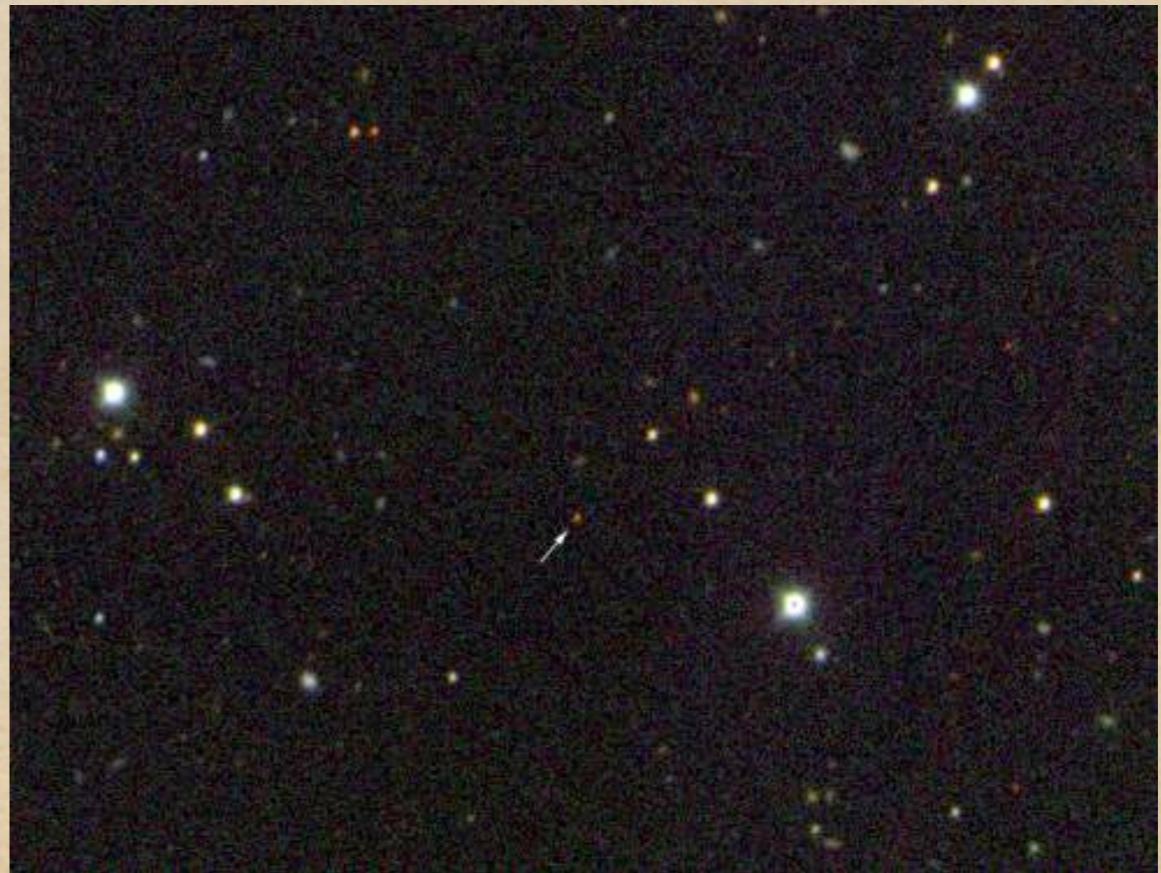


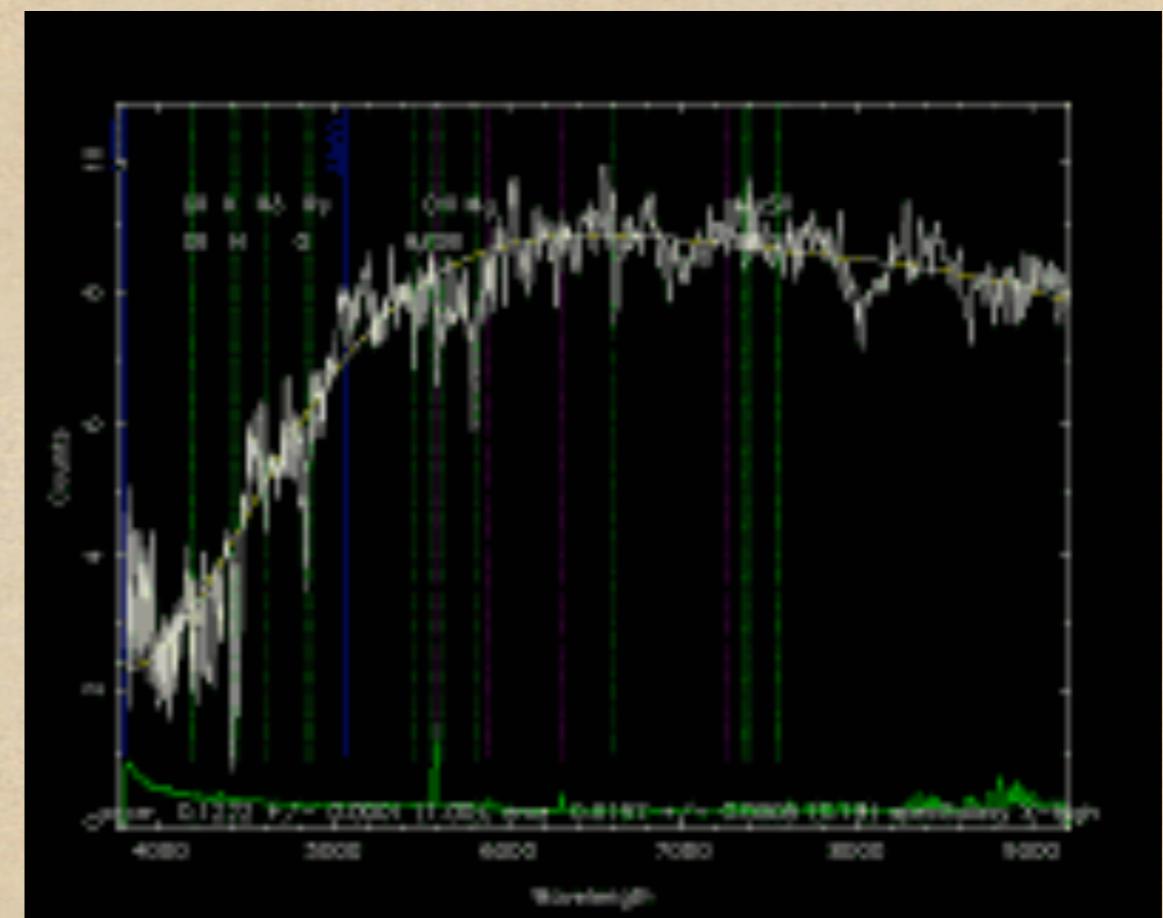
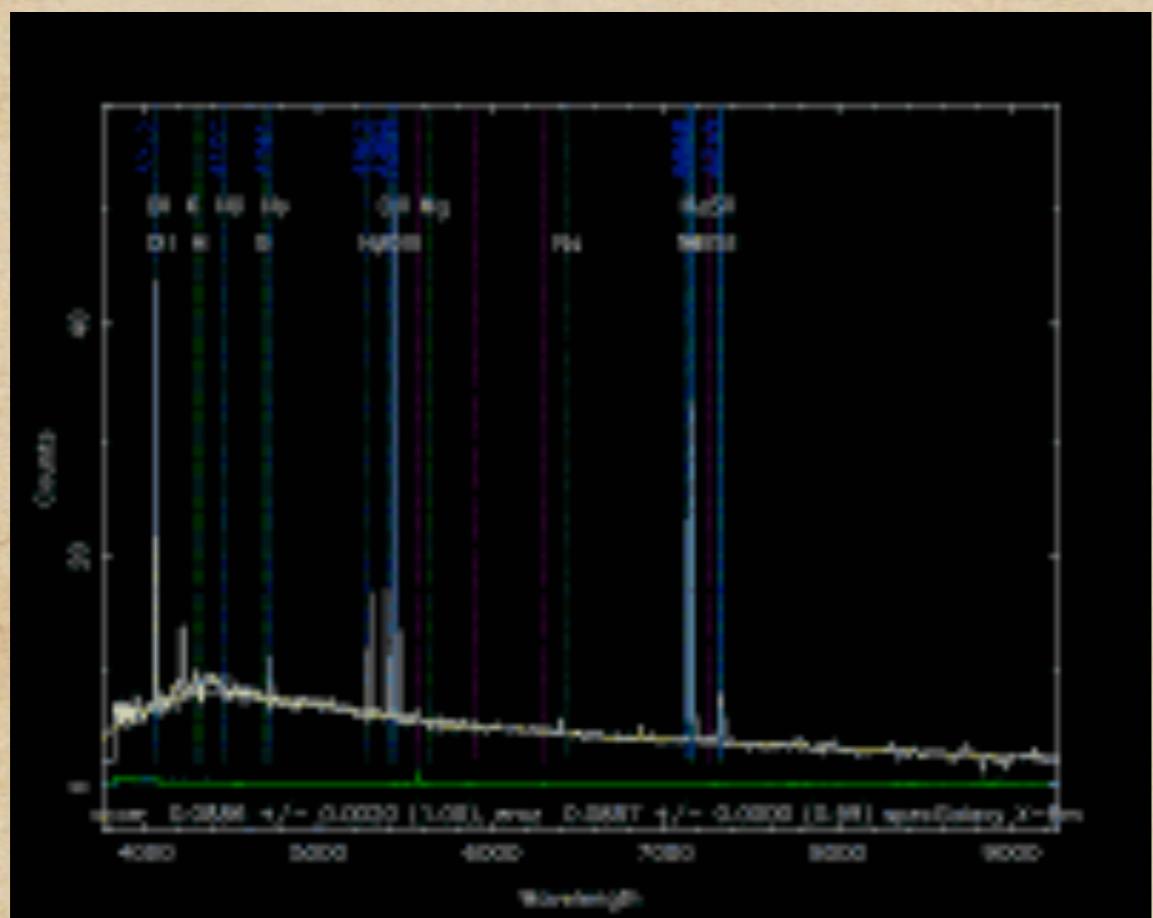


SDSS DR7 footprint



Photometry





# Spectra

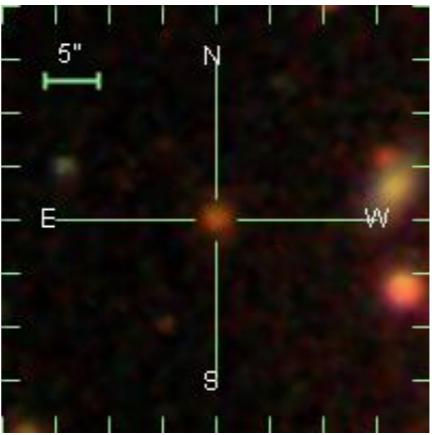
## Summary data for: SDSS J082749.75+445208.5

### Position Data (How do I find it?)

Object ID (objID): 1237654386268439267 Right ascension (ra): 126.95733174 Declination (dec): 44.86903116

### Image Data (What does it look like?)

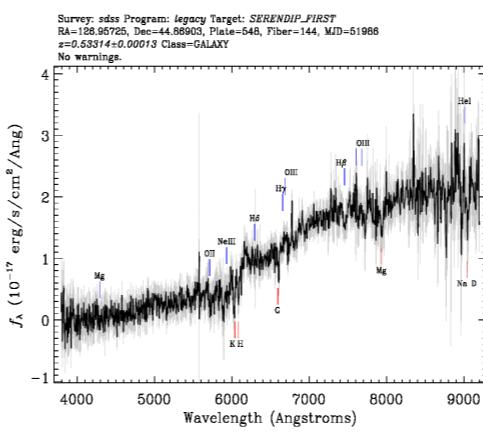
Preview image (click to go to Navigate tool)



Object Type (type): GALAXY

### Spectrum Data (What does its spectrum look like?)

Preview spectrum (click for a larger version)



[Interactive spectrum](#)

Magnitudes:  
Ultraviolet (u):  $26.10 \pm 0.53$   
Green (g):  $22.50 \pm 0.19$   
Red (r):  $20.52 \pm 0.04$   
Infrared - 7600 Å (i):  $19.55 \pm 0.03$   
Infrared - 9100 Å (z):  $19.07 \pm 0.07$

Spectral classification (Class): GALAXY

Redshift Data:  
Redshift (z): 0.533137

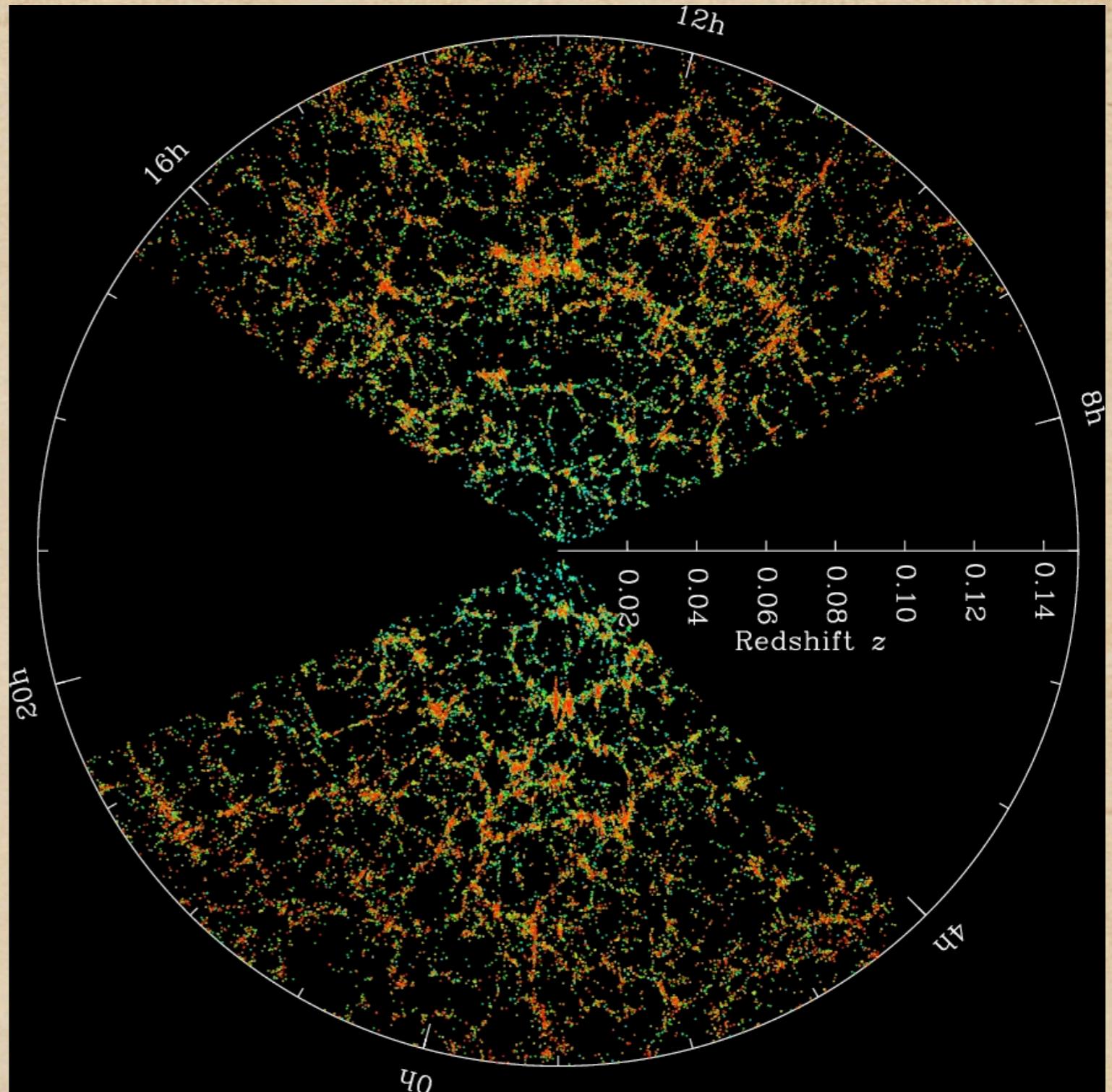
[Get spectrum as CSV](#)

14 Tbytes of data

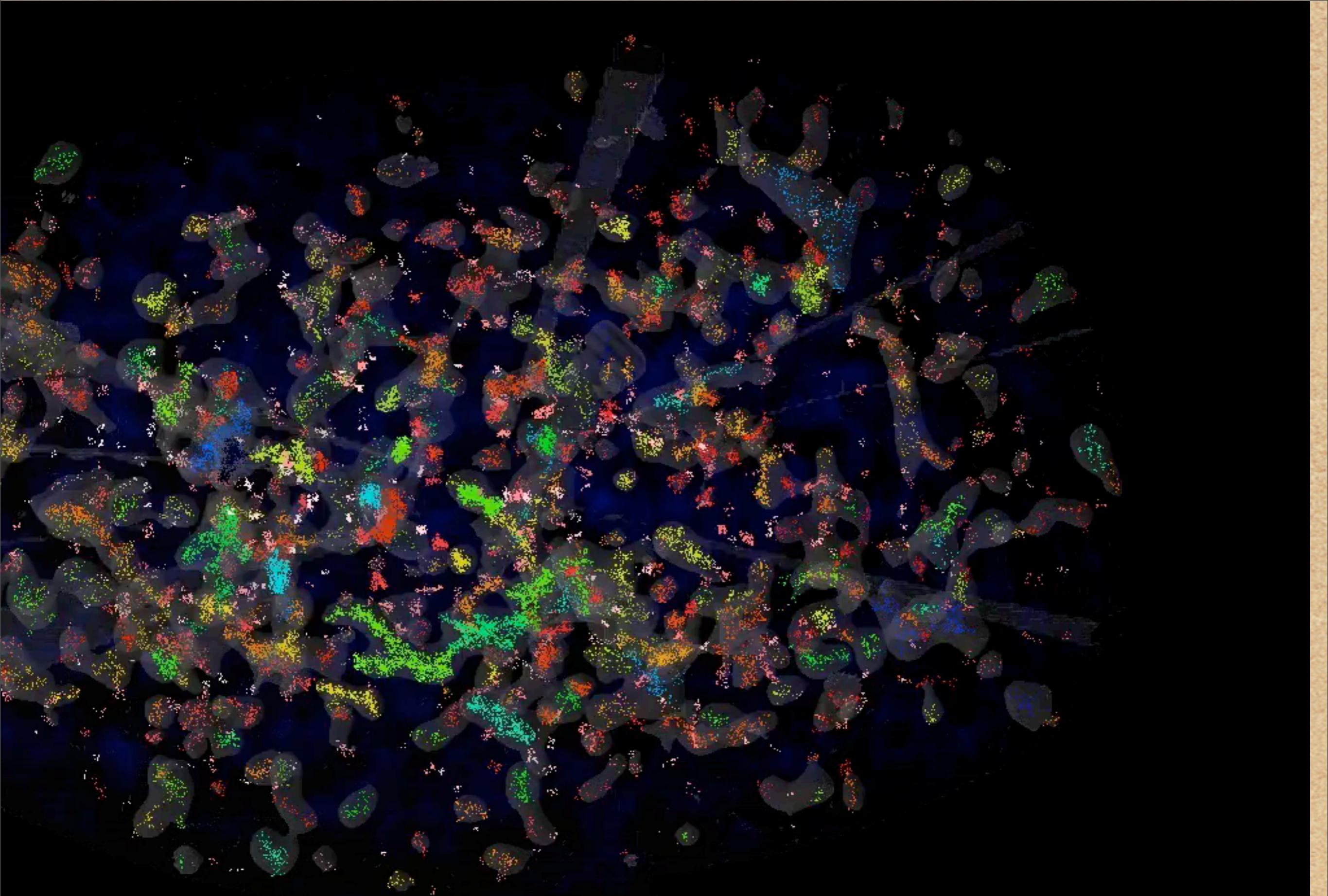
~300 table entries per object

2-D map

$$\frac{a_0}{a} = 1 + z$$



$$D = 4225 z \text{ Mpc} = 1.39 \cdot 10^{10} z \text{ ly} = 1.3 \cdot 10^{23} z \text{ km}$$



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3-D supercluster map

SDSS3 - BOSS, 1 billion spectra

Skymapper -- 1 billion galaxies, full Southern sky

Pan-STARRS -- 30,000 sq deg, North, NEO

WISE -- full-sky infrared data, 1 billion objects

DES -- 300,000 distant galaxies

GAIA -- 1 billion stars, proper motions (5 years)

Large Synoptic Survey Telescope - 15 TB/day, 10 years

Planck mission (CMB) -- 4 PB total, 3.5 years

Virtual observatories

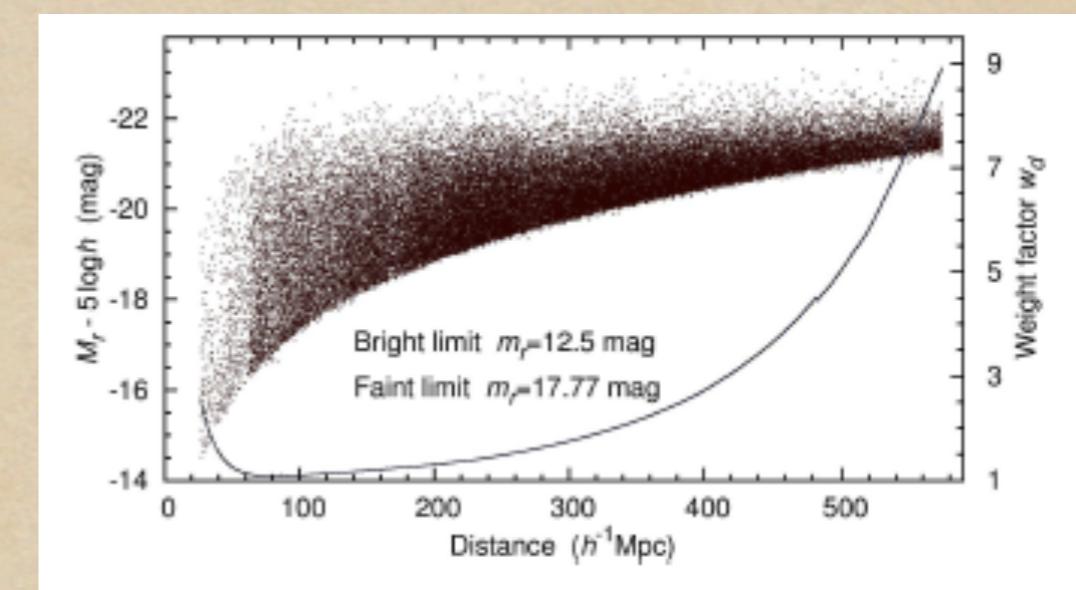
Simulations -- numerical Universes

Cosmic variance

Incompleteness factors

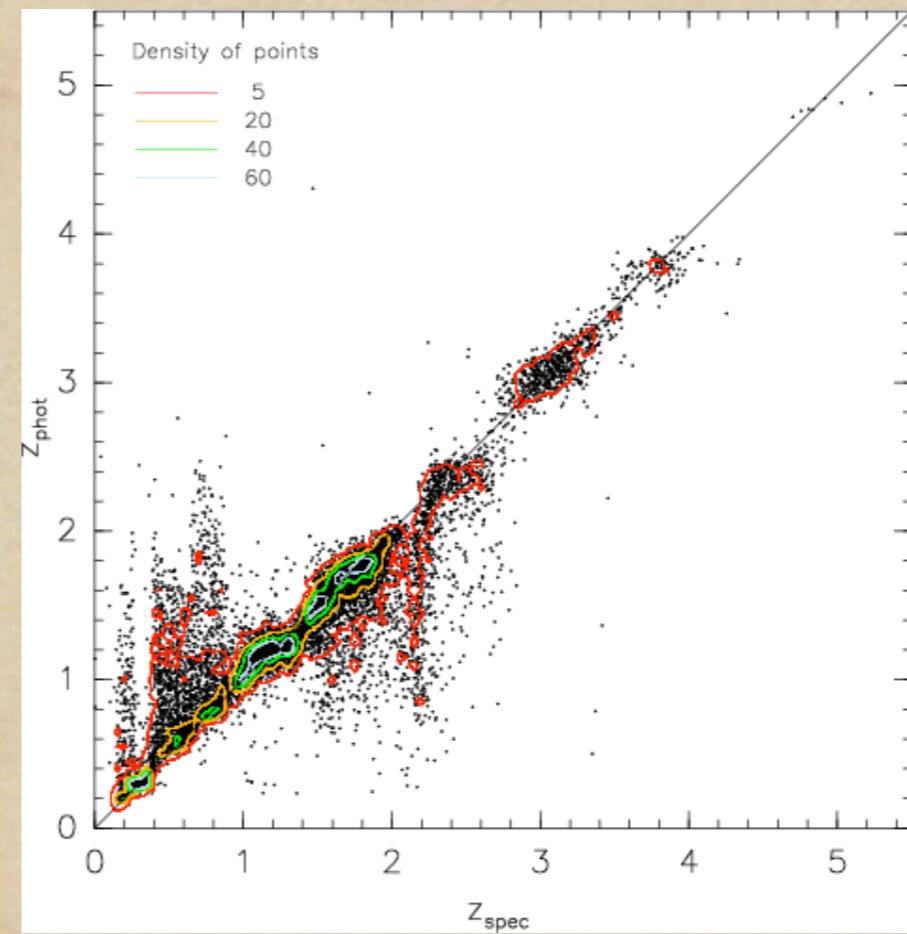
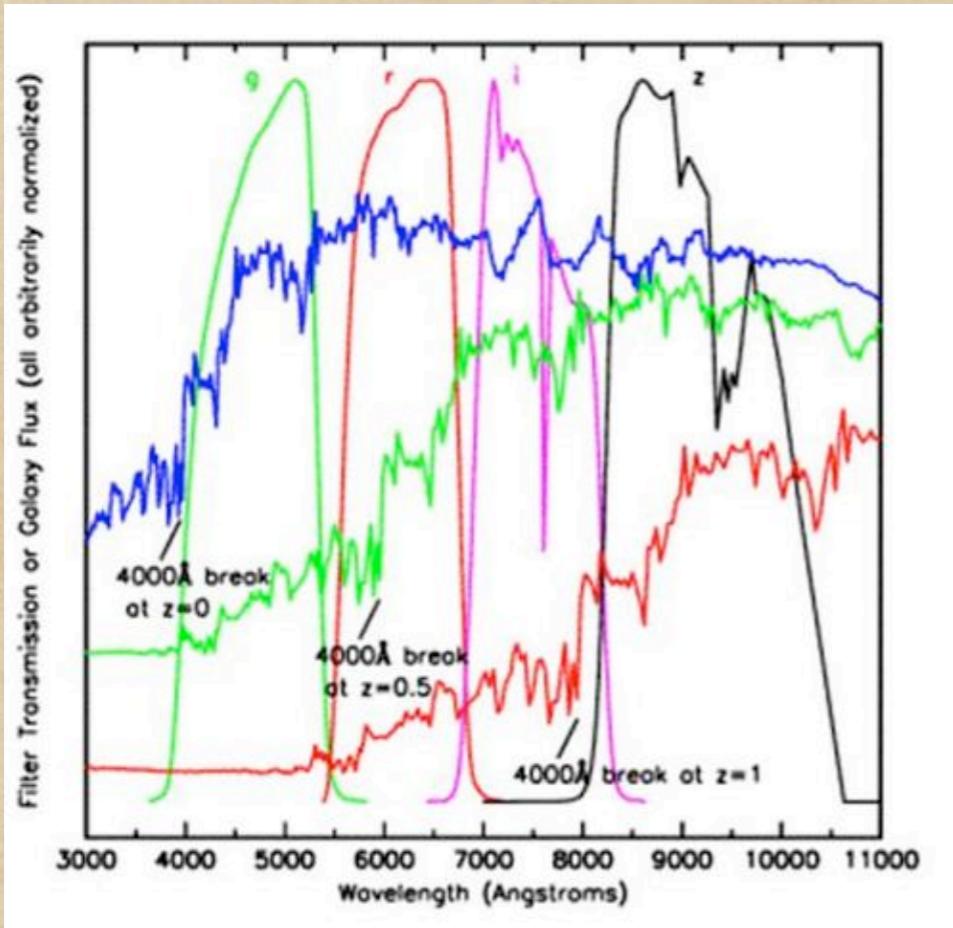


Spectroscopic



Magnitude limits

# Example I: Fighting photo-z

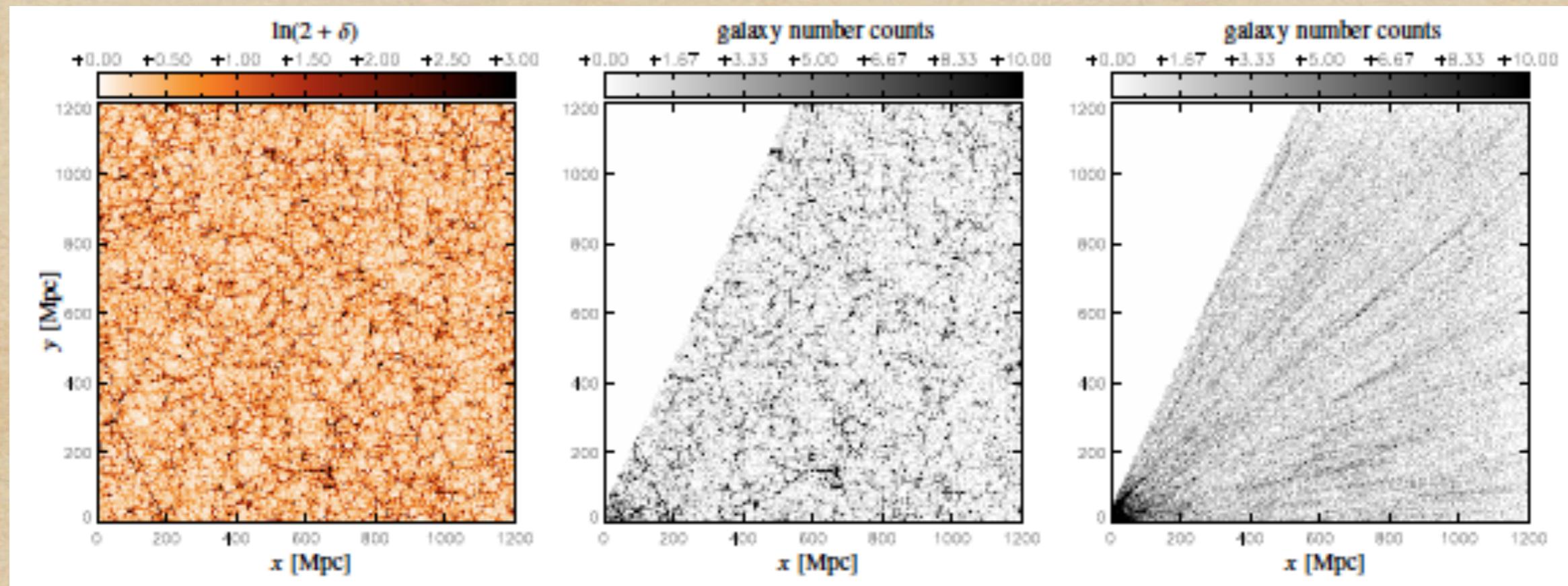


Template fitting

Neural networks

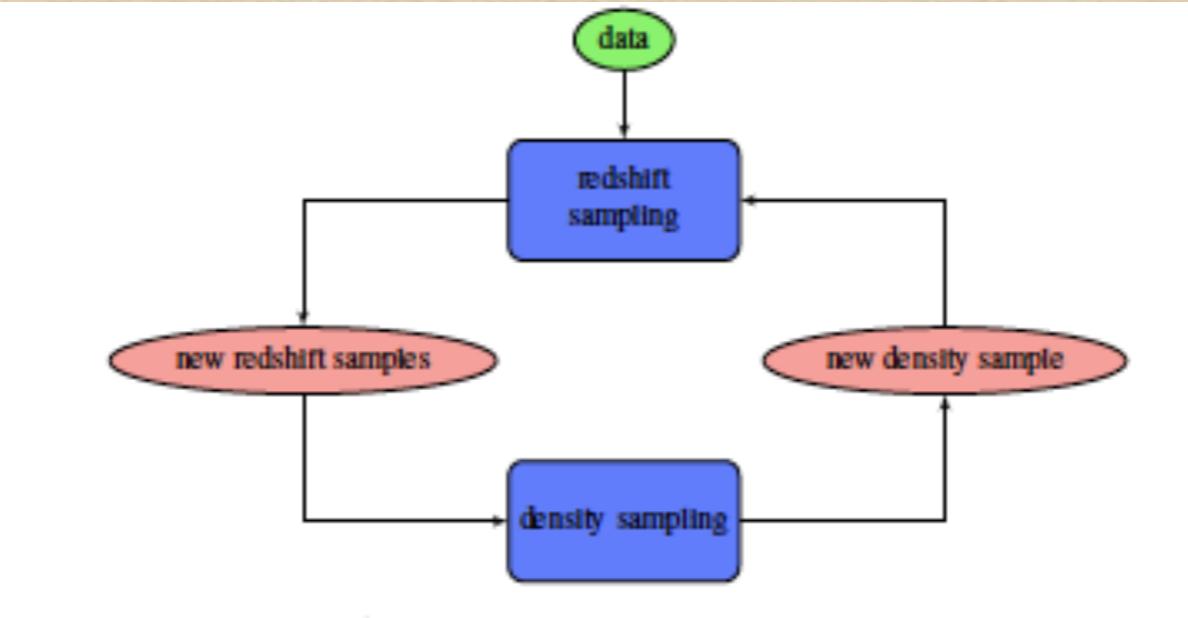
$$\frac{\sigma_z}{1+z} = 0.03$$

# Right priors - J. Jasche, B. Wandelt 2012



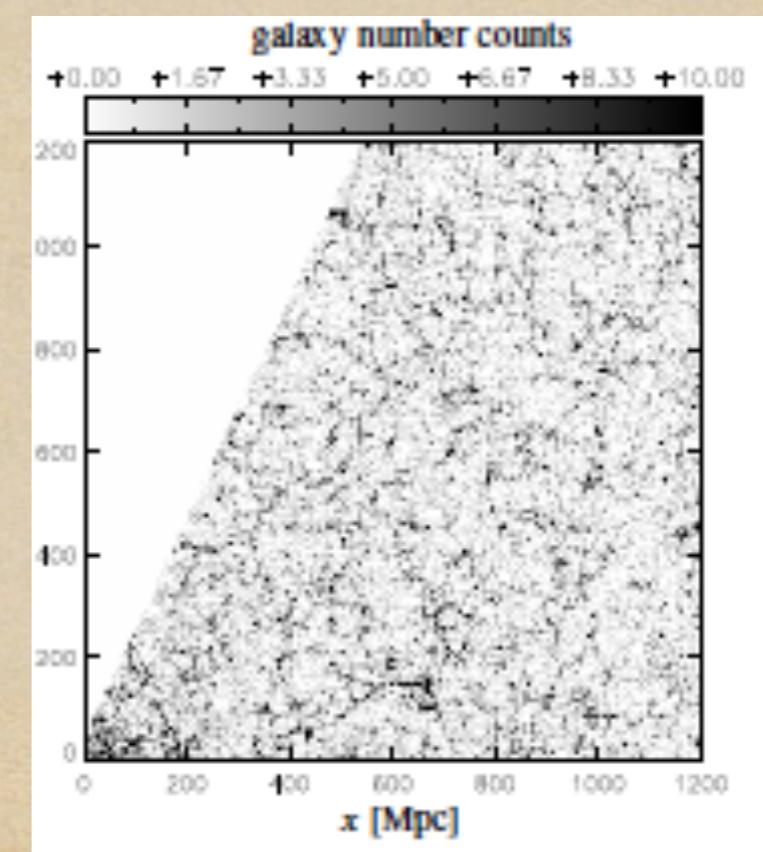
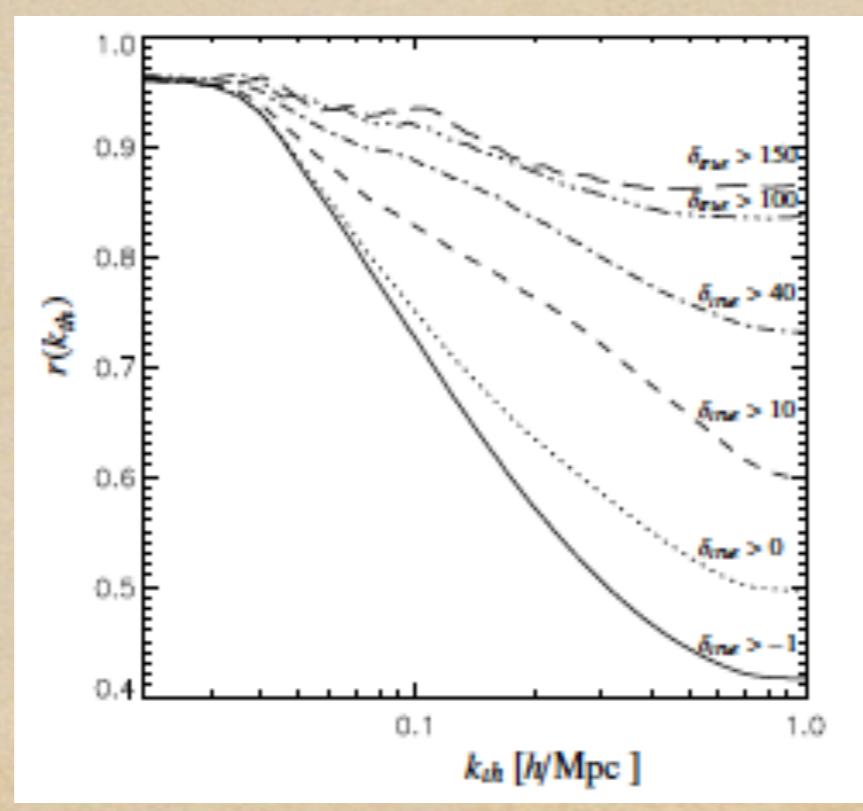
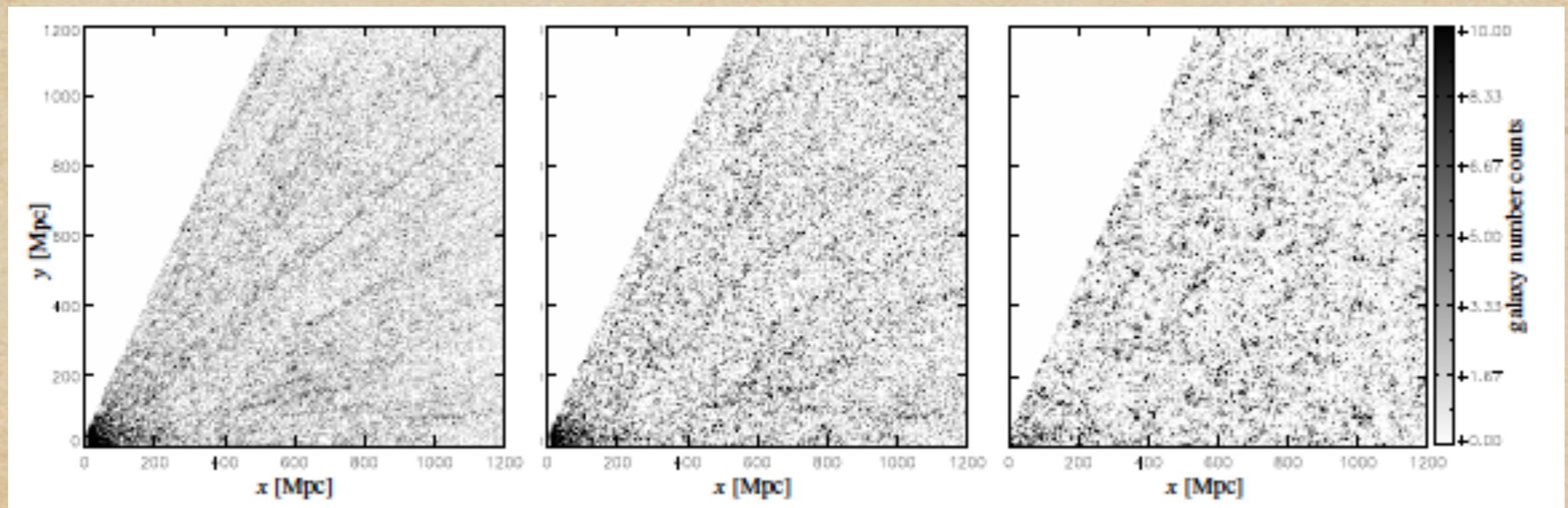
Log-normal Poissonian model

Isotropic covariance matrix (finite range)

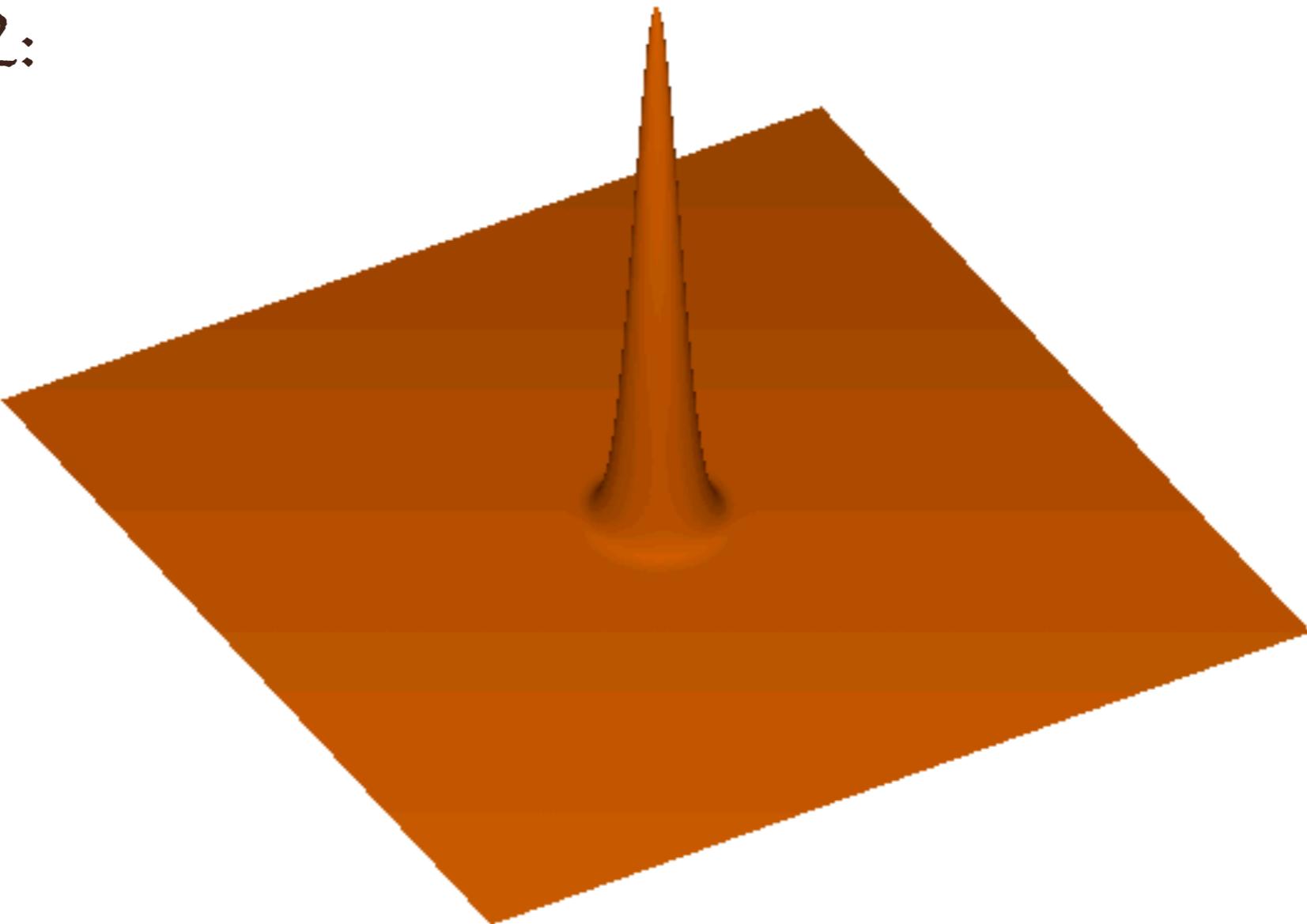


$z \rightarrow \rho$     $D = 10^6$  Hamiltonian MC sampler

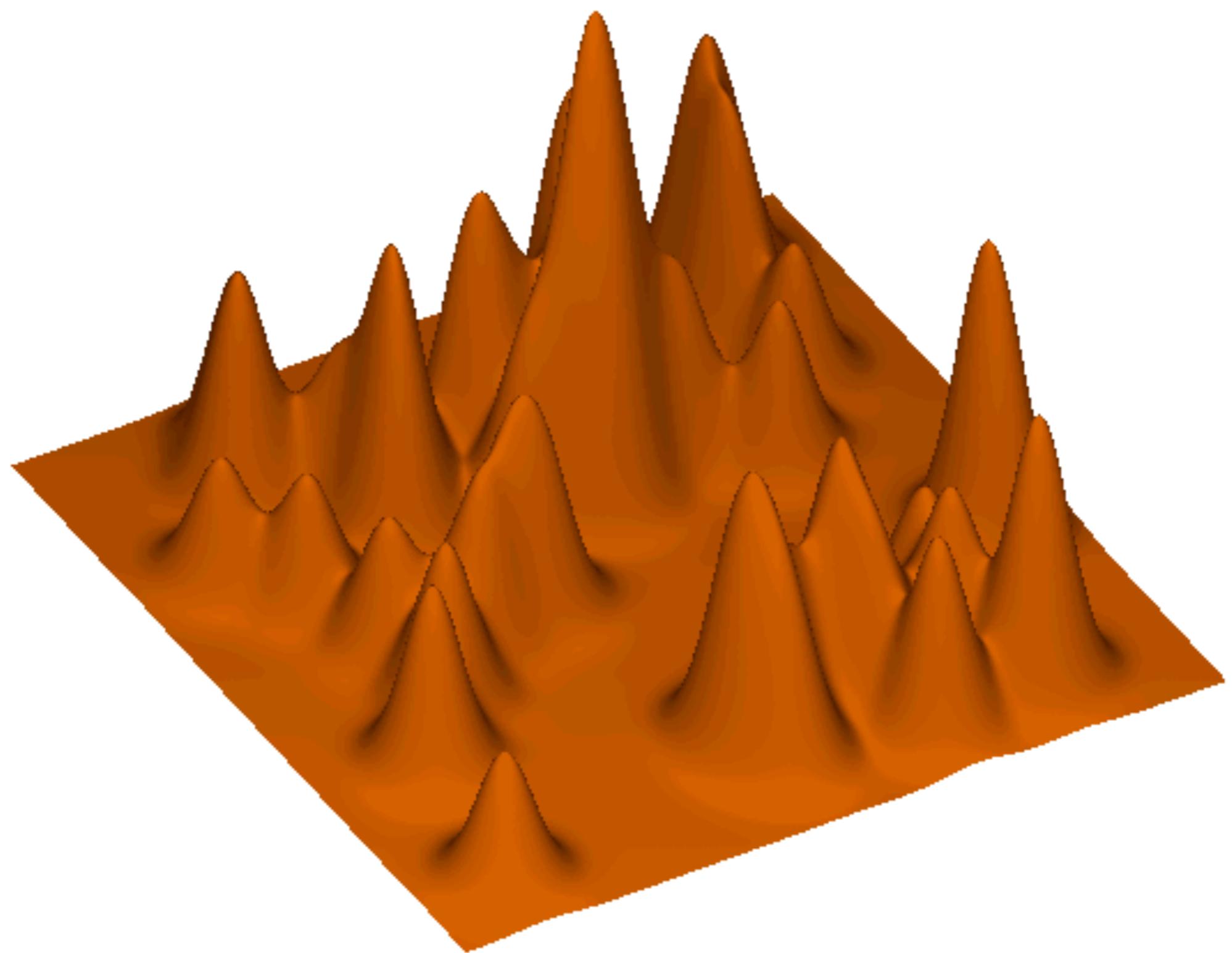
$\rho \rightarrow z$    Multiple block Metropolis-Hastings sampler



Example 2:  
BAO



yardstick to measure the Universe

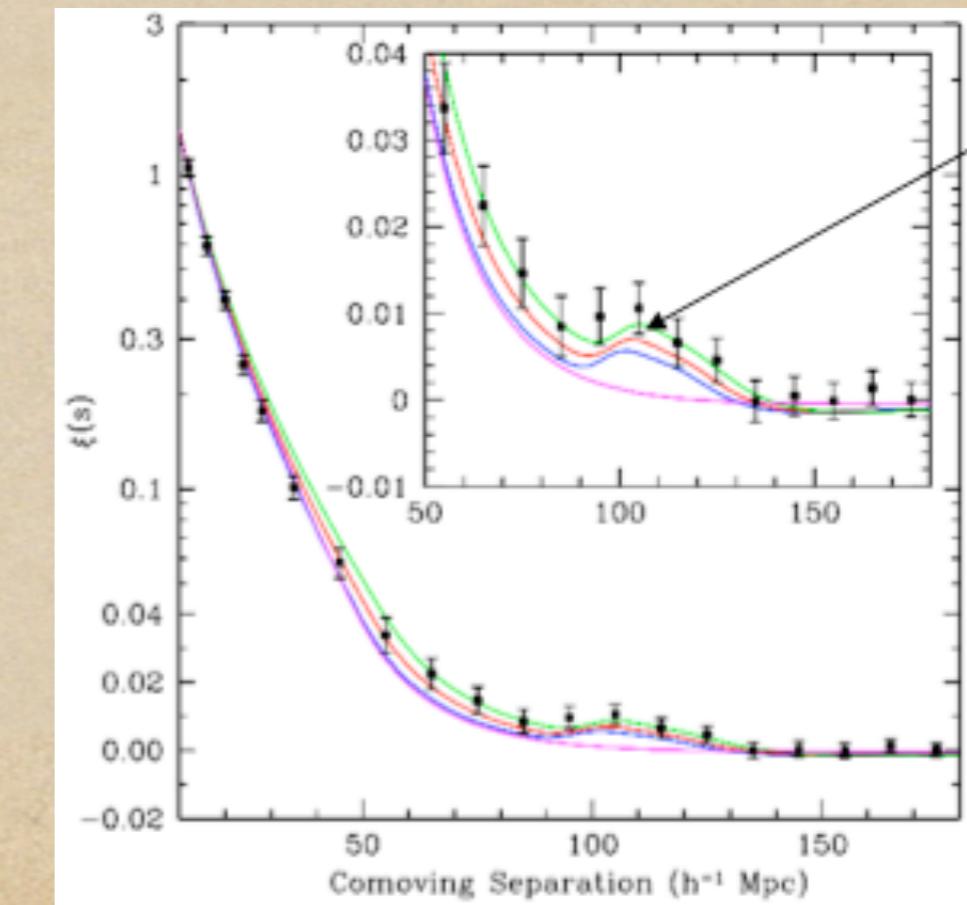
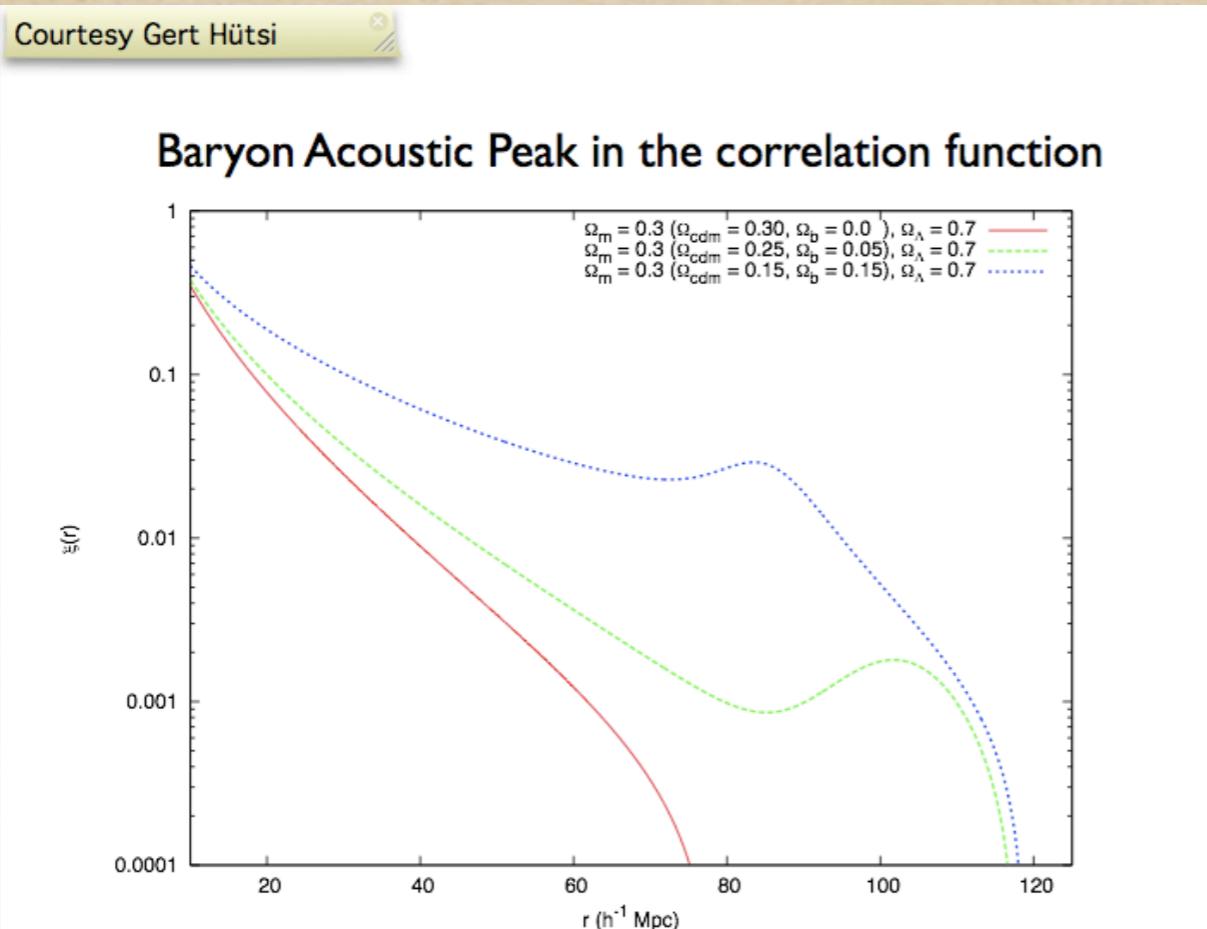


Pair correlation function:

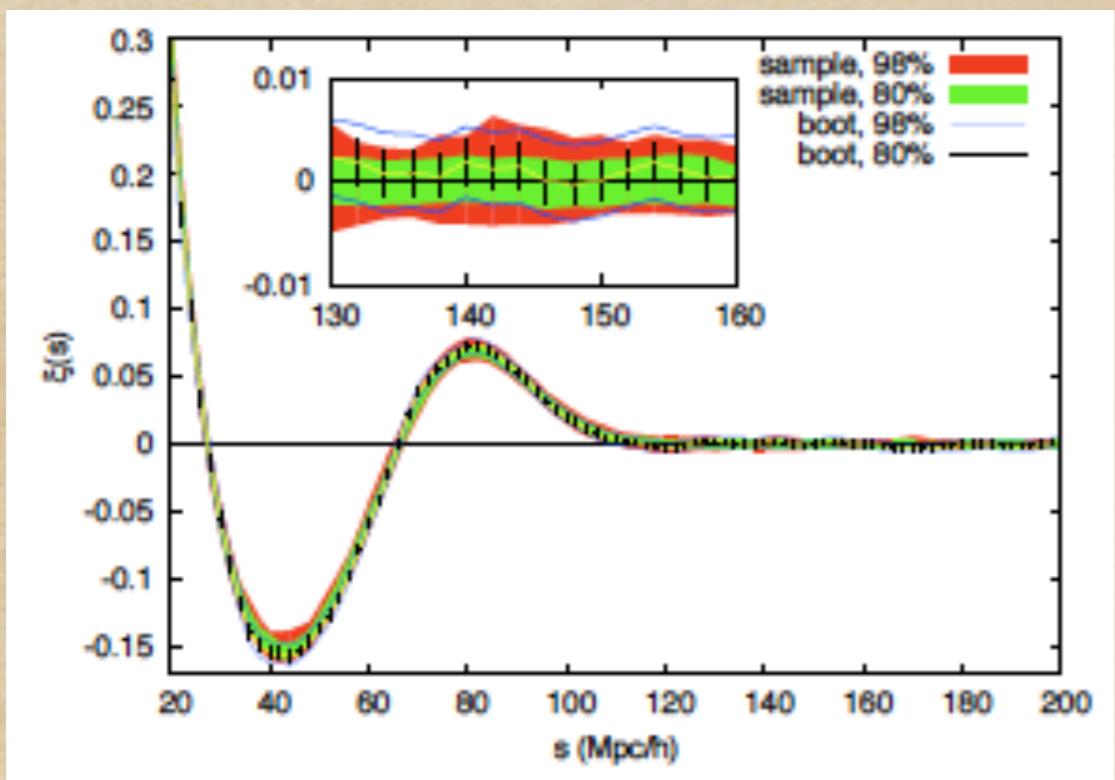
$$dP_{12} = \bar{n}^2 (1 + \xi(\mathbf{r})) dV_1 dV_2$$

Landy-Szalay estimator:

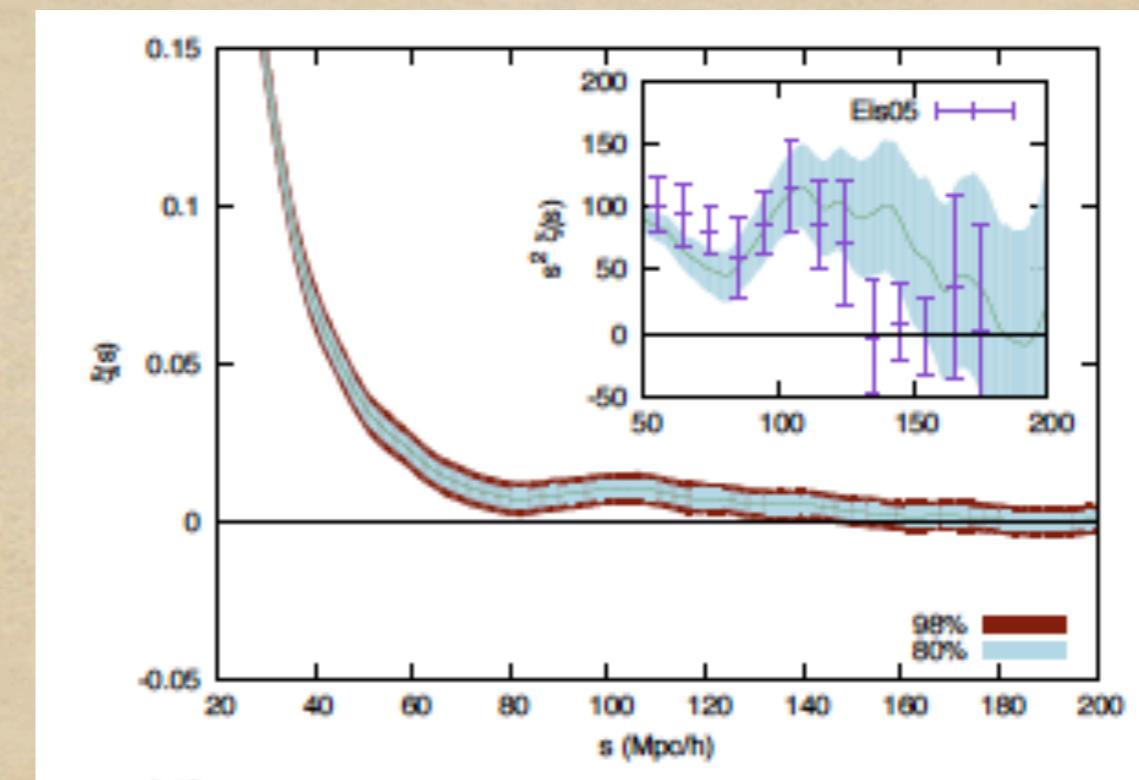
$$\hat{\xi}_{LS}(r) = 1 + \left( \frac{N_{rd}}{N} \right)^2 \frac{DD(r)}{RR(r)} - 2 \frac{N_{rd}}{N} \frac{DR(r)}{RR(r)}$$



## Bootstrap confidence limits

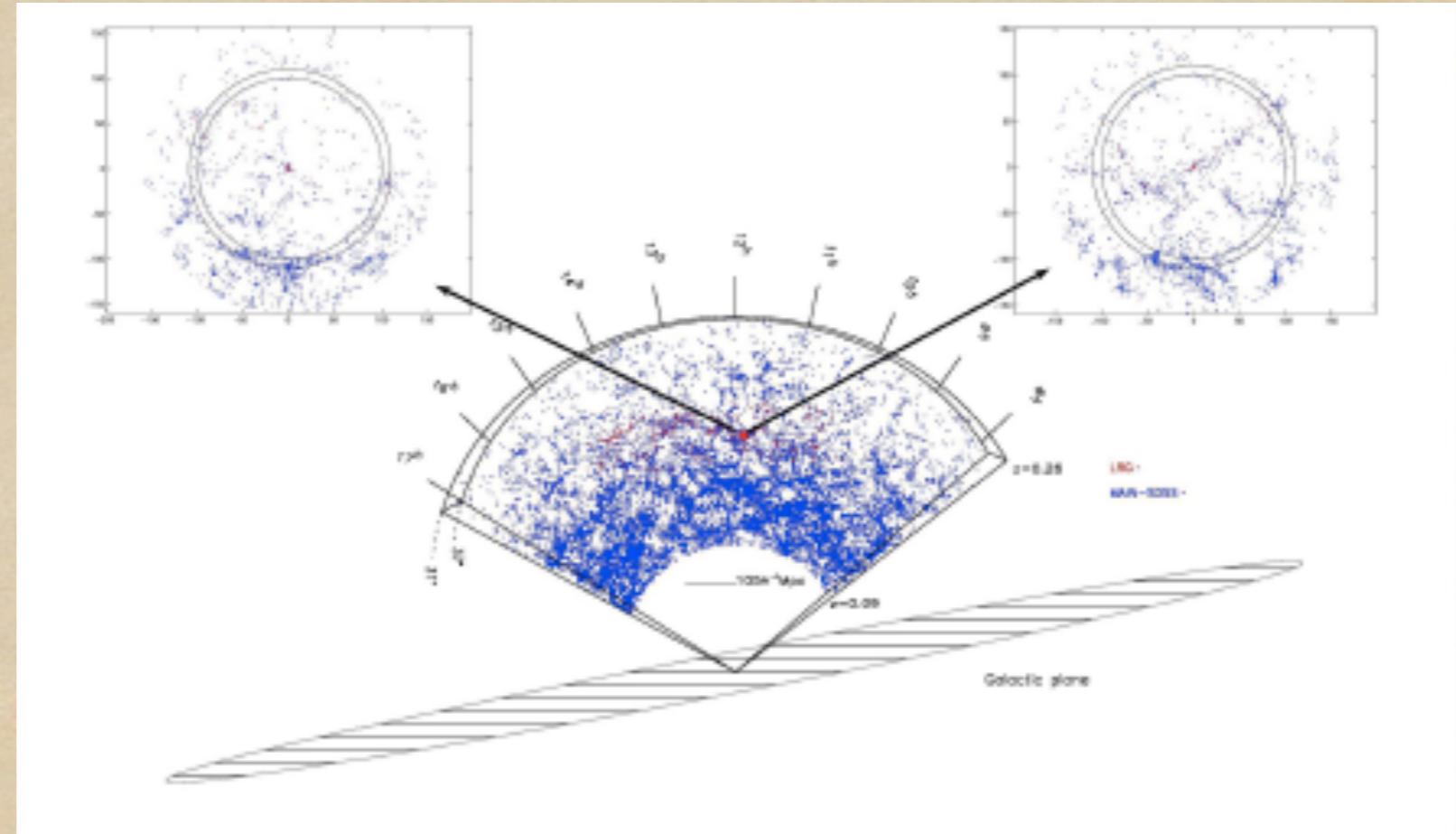
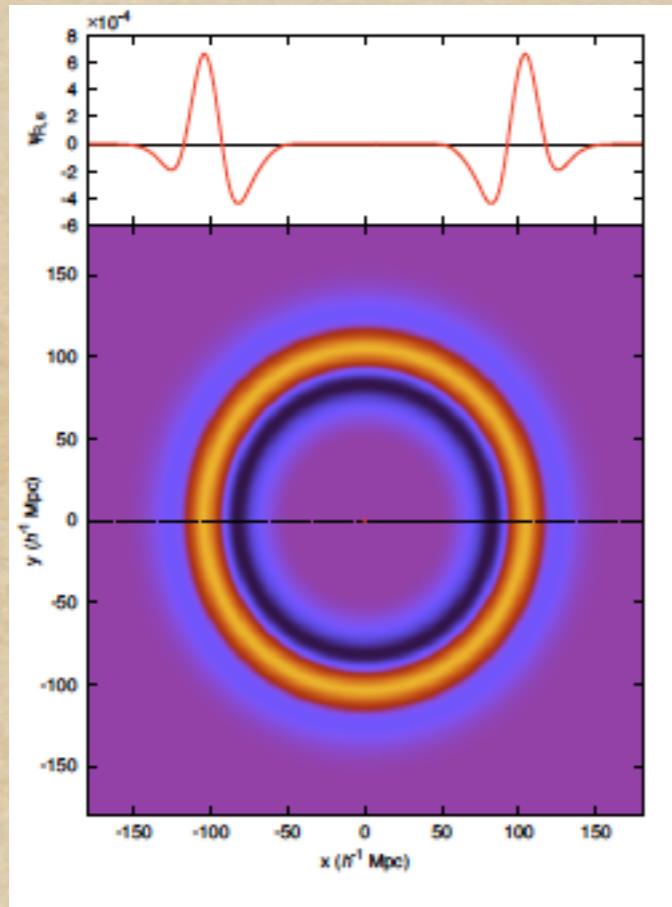


Poisson-Voronoi

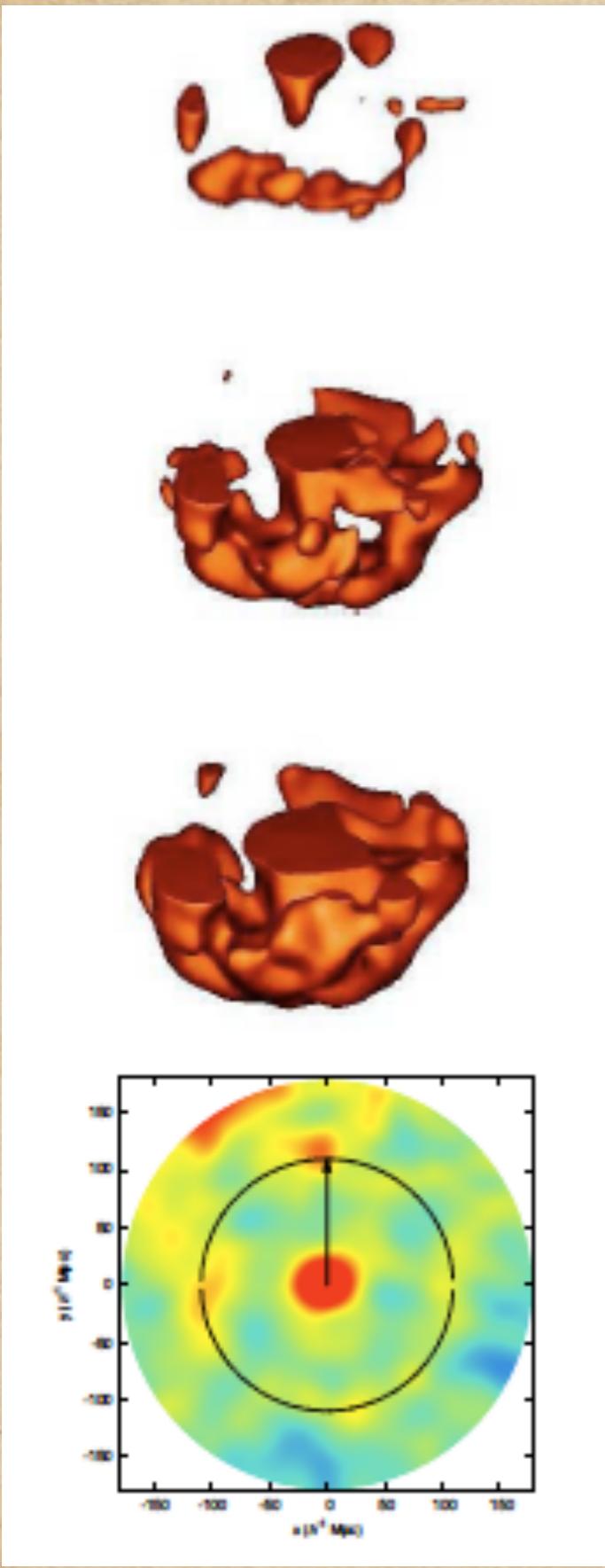


SDSS DR7 LRG's

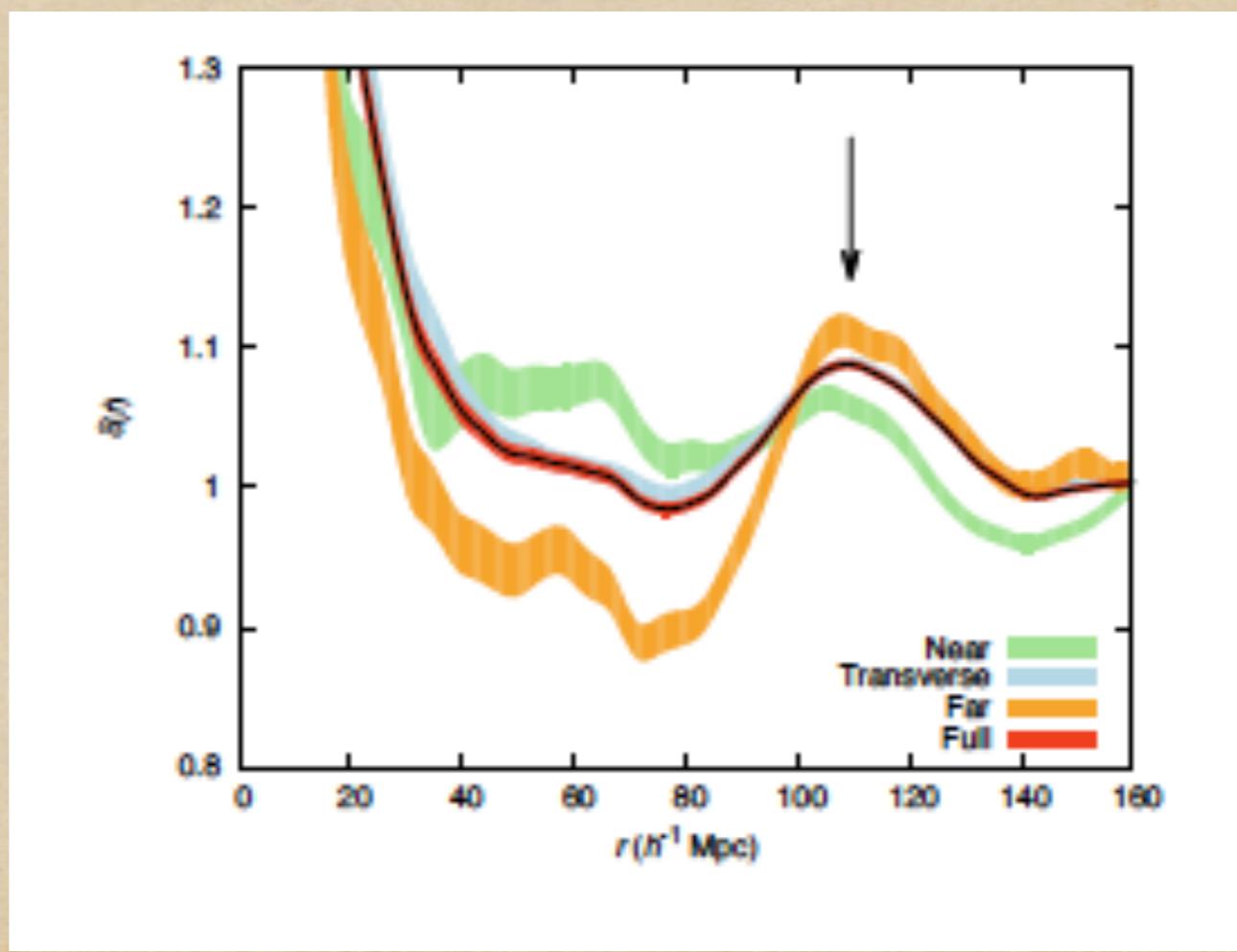
# BAO shells



$$\psi(r|R, s) = \frac{\alpha(R, s)}{4\pi r^2} \left[ 2B_3 \left( 2\frac{r-R}{s} \right) - B_3 \left( \frac{r-R}{s} \right) \right]$$



## Stacking



Thank you!